

Crimeans are dying in the war. Political prisoners continue to be subjected to cruel treatment and deprived of medical care, transferred to penitentiary institutions. Torture, persecution, criminal cases, appeal decisions, and illegal sentences became known. Ecosystems suffer from pollution. New threats to historical heritage have been recorded.

● **Conscription and death of Crimeans in the war**

Crimeans continue dying in the war against Ukraine. It became known about the death of residents of Sevastopol (Oleksii Tsvetkov, Yevhen Lebediev, Mykuta Babenko), Alushta (Serhii Krysenko), Armiansk (Valentyn Stiazhkin, Yevhen Kuleshov, Mykhailo Bakharev, Serhii Bezduznev), Saky (Yevhen Lytvynenko, Oleksandr Doroshev, Serhii Dmytriev), Nyzhniohirskyi (Serhii Braslavskiy, Ihor Shorokhov), Bakhchysarai (Serhii Zhyliaiev, Oleksandr Belashov, Ihor Dolhopolov), Sovietskyi (Andrii Yefymenko, Viktor Ploshchuk, Ivan Honcharov, Oleh Aliekseiev), Krasnoperekopsk areas (Andrii Bezkravnyi, Viktor Bahniuk, Ivan Fedorov), residents of Dzhankoi, Cheliadiinov village, natives of mainland Ukraine Viktor Lavrychenko, Andrii Sysetskyi, Mykuta Miliienko. The residents of the peninsula are the ones most mobilized into the ranks of the Russian army, they appear in hot spots on the front. At the same time, conscripts suffer from a shortage of medicines. Suicides among young people of draft age have become more frequent, and advertising for contract service is increasing. To improve mobilization rates, men are blackmailed with work, education, and the dissemination of confidential financial data, promising additional payments to volunteers. Cemeteries are expanding.

● **Persecution**

It became known about the liquidation of the Muslim community "Khan Jami" by decision of the so-called Supreme Court of Crimea. The security forces closed the mosque, used force against the believers, and took some of them away in an unknown direction. Repression against other religious communities continues. The military and police are conducting total checks. Dmytro Diadyk and Vitalii Mudryk have been added to the "List of organizations and individuals involved in extremist or terrorist activities."

● **Criminal cases**

A 61-y.o. resident of Sudak and a resident of the Bakhchysarai area are charged under P.2 of Art.280 of the Criminal Code (CCRF) (public calls for extremism). A 32-y.o. resident of Yalta and a resident of the Moscow region are accused of treason. A 19-y.o. man from Simferopol is charged under P.1 of Art.30, P.1 of Art.205 of the CCRF (preparation for a terrorist act), and Art.205.3 of the CCRF (undergoing training for the purpose of committing terrorism). The two men will be tried under Art.205 (terrorist act) and Art.205.3 (undergoing training for the purpose of committing terrorism).

● **Sentences**

The so-called Supreme Court of Crimea sentenced a resident of Yalta to 17 years in prison on charges of treason in the form of espionage.

The Sevastopol City "Court" found Yevhen Hudakov guilty under Art.275 of the CCRF (treason) and Subpara "B" of P.3 of Art.222.1 of the CCRF (illegal acquisition of explosives), sentencing him to 17 years of imprisonment with restriction of liberty for 1 year and a fine of RUB (₽) 400,000 (judge Daniil Zemlyukov).

The Kyivskyi District "Court" of Simferopol found Alime Apseliamova guilty of Art.20.29 of the Code of Administrative Offenses (mass dissemination of extremist materials) and fined her ₽ 3,000 (judge Vera Serikova).

The Southern District Military Court found Kerch resident Vasyl Drosov guilty of P.2 of Art.205.2 of the CCRF (public calls for terrorism) (judge Denis Stepanov).

The Temryuk District Court in the Krasnodar Territory found Crimean Yuri Sysoiev guilty under P.2 of Art.205.2 of the CCRF (public calls for terrorism) and sentenced him to 5 years.

The 2nd Western District Military Court of Moscow sentenced Crimean Yevhen Shved to 4 years in a penal colony under P.2 of Art.205.2 of the CCRF (public calls for terrorism).

The Yaysky District Court of the Kemerovo Region denied Yashar Shukhametov his release on the grounds of a number of illnesses.

It became known that Lera Dzhemilova was sentenced to 15 years in prison for treason.

The Third Court of Appeals considered the claims. Judge Yevhen Saltykov left the sentences unchanged in two cases against Volodymyr Makarov and Liudmyla Kolesnykova. In the case against Oleksandra and Viktoriia Strilets, Judge Olena Udod left the verdict unchanged.

The so-called Supreme Court of Crimea left the sentence against Yevhen Melnychuk unchanged.

The Fourth Court of Cassation in Krasnodar left the verdict and appeal ruling in the case of Yuri Herashchenko and Serhii Parfenovych unchanged.

The Eighth Court of Cassation refused to consider the cassation appeal in defence of Oleksandr Sizikov (judge Oksana Lazareva).

Rustem Murasov was transferred to a colony in the Saratov region. Rustem Tairov was sent to a colony in the Republic of Udmurtia. Oleksandr Sizikov is in transit in Novosibirsk, he is being transported to Minusinsk. Dmytro Pastashchuk was transferred to the Samara region.

The seriously ill Tofik Abdulhazieiev's blood sugar level increased and his coordination deteriorated, he began losing consciousness. Tymur Yalkabov was diagnosed with hepatitis. Servet Hazieiev suffers from ear inflammation and chronic diseases. Amet Suleimanov needs heart surgery for the sixth year. Inver Bekirov underwent surgery to remove an inguinal hernia. Nasiba Saidova fainted in the pre-trial detention centre. Volodymyr Yakymenko's stomach pain worsened, Seitumer Seitumerov's vision deteriorated, and he developed dental problems. Emil Ziadov needs dental care.

Nasrula Seidalieiev has been held in a penal isolation cell for more than 5 months at once; Volodymyr Yakymenko's detention period was extended by 2 weeks; Rustem Murasov was placed in a penal isolation cell for refusing to go for exercise. Emil Ziadov was transferred to a barrack with strict conditions of detention after a year in a penal isolation cell. Re-convicted Hennadii Lymeshko has been incommunicado for more than 4 months. Ruslan Chornyi-Shvets has been held in the Sevastopol pre-trial detention centre for over 2 years. Yashar Muiedinov was transferred from the colony to pre-trial detention centre-4 in Arkhangelsk.

Mamut Bielialov is tortured in prison where he is denied medical treatment.

A concrete plant is going to be built on the territory of an ancient Taurian settlement in Crimea. A 15th-century temple in Feodosia is in a state of disrepair: the bell tower has been partially destroyed. The occupation authorities cannot complete the "restoration" of the Philharmonic in Simferopol. Illegal archaeological excavations last near the village of Ridne near Sevastopol.

Deaths of wild birds were recorded in Yevpatoria, and dead animals with traces of fuel oil were found in Yalta and near the Ai-Danil sanatorium. This is likely due to the oil slick on the southern coast of Crimea. Crimea's agricultural sector uses toxic chemicals, and Kerch residents complain about pollution from an asphalt plant. The new edition of the occupation Red Book has expanded the list of vulnerable species. The ecosystem of the Sea of Azov is being destroyed by sewage pollution. Illegal development in Foros continues. Animals continue disappearing at the Taigan Safari Park. Salt water is supplied in the north of Crimea, water supply is unstable in Sevastopol and Alushta.

● **Decisions of the courts of appeal and cassation**

● **Transfers to penitentiary institutions in the RF**

● **Health problems among political prisoners**

● **Detention conditions**

● **Torture**

● **Damage to cultural heritage**

● **Environmental challenges**