

**Crimeans are dying in the war. Political prisoners continue to be subjected to cruel treatment and deprived of medical care, transferred to penitentiary institutions. Torture, persecution, criminal cases, appeal decisions, and illegal sentences became known. Crimea suffers from a water shortage. New threats to historical heritage have been recorded. Ukrainian troops continue striking on the peninsula.**

### Conscription and death of Crimeans in the war

At least 1,820 Crimeans have died since the full-scale invasion. It was possible to establish the facts of the death of a resident of Bakhchysarai, residents of Sevastopol Mykola Averin, Oleksandr Stelman, Viacheslav Hryhoriev, Anton Popov, Oleksandr Fedotov, Danylo Davydiuk, Mykhailo Drozdov, natives of Ukraine Yurii Kholosha, Serhii Hladunov, and Artem Shelest. Wounded servicemen are returned from hospitals to the front en masse instead of being demobilized. Meanwhile, there is a mass conscription of first-year students for military service, and the number of those willing to undergo alternative service has increased. A new law providing for year-round conscription into the army has come into effect.

### Persecution

Russia added Esma Nimetulaieva, Elviza Aliieva, Fevziie Osmanova, Nasiba Saidova, and Rustem Fakhriiev to the “list (register) of persons involved in extremist activities”. Centre “E” employees conducted a search at the office of the Crimean Central Bar Association, where Edem Semedliaiev, Emil Kurbedinov, Nazim Sheikhmambetov, Elvina Semedliaieva, Rustem Kamilov, and Lilia Hemedzhi practice law. Another search was conducted in Sudak at home of journalist Lenora Diulber. Yalta Mayor Yanina Pavlenko took disciplinary action over a photo zone featuring Ukrainian colours.

### Persecution for pro-Ukrainian and anti-war statements

An administrative report was drawn up against a 53-y.o. resident of Sevastopol under P. 1 of Art. 20.3.3 of the Code of Administrative Offenses of the Russian Federation (CAORF) (discrediting the Armed Forces of the RF) for comments on the Internet.

### Criminal cases

Mykola Petrash and a resident of Sevastopol are charged under P. 2 of Art. 280 of the Criminal Code (CCRF) (public calls for extremism). A 49-y.o. Sevastopol resident and Kerch resident born in 1962 are charged under P. 2 of Art. 205.2 of CCRF (public calls for terrorism). A Crimean will be tried for aiding terrorist activities (Art. 205.1 of CCRF). Two Crimeans (one is probably the previously abducted Taras Khudak) will be tried under Art. 275 of the CCRF (treason). A resident of the Simferopol area is accused of committing treason and acquiring explosive devices. Jehovah’s Witnesses Olena Ivashyna and Olha Pidlisna from the city of Saky have been placed under house arrest. Ivashyna was charged under P. 1 of Art. 282.3 of CCRF (financing the activities of an extremist organization).

### Sentences

The Kyiv District “Court” of Simferopol found Lenora Diulberova guilty under Art. 20.29 of CAORF (mass dissemination of extremist materials) for the book “Crimean Tatars in Conditions of Transformation of Political Space” and fined her RUB (₽) 3,000 (judge – Valentina Kamynina). The Armiansk City Court fined Petro Prodius ₽ 30,000 under P. 3 of Art. 20.1 of CAORF (disrespect for government bodies) for publishing a picture on Facebook with a pencil sharpener in the form of the President of the RF (judge – Oleksandr Savchenko). The Zaliznychnyi District “Court” of Simferopol sentenced Nazar Trofimov in absentia under P. 2 of Art. 280 of CCRF (public calls for extremism) to 3 years and 6 months in a general regime colony, and he was put on the international wanted list. The Sovietskyi District “Court” found Serhii Laponohov guilty of three counts of Art. 280 (public calls for extremism) and sentenced him to 3 years in prison for calls for violent actions against representatives of one of the nationalities (judge – Dzhangar Sangadzhi-Goryaev). The so-called justice of the peace of courthouse № 10 of the Kyiv district of Simferopol fined 74-y.o. Enver Seitmemetov ₽ 2,000 under an administrative report on the equating of actions of the USSR and Nazi Germany (P. 1 of Art. 13.48 of CAORF). The so-called justice of the peace of courthouse № 16 of the Central district of Simferopol fined the founder of the El Pastor restaurant chain Volodymyr Syzykh ₽ 100,000 under P. 2 of Art. 5.26 of CAORF (intentional public desecration of religious symbols). The verdict of a resident of Melitopol became known in the case of treason; she was sentenced to 12.5 years in prison for transferring ₽ 1,400 for the needs of the Armed Forces of Ukraine.

### Decisions of the courts of appeal and cassation

The Supreme Court of the RF considered the cassation appeal in the case of the “second Bakhchysarai” group of Hizb ut-Tahrir and upheld the sentences for the participants: Seiran Saliiev, Marlen Asanov, Tymur Ibrahimov, Server Zekiriaiev, and Memet Belialov.

The Moscow District Court rejected the appeal of human rights activist Lutfiie Zudiieva against the decision of the Zamoskvoretsky Court, which refused to satisfy the claim demanding to exclude her from the register of “foreign agents.”

Abibulla Smedliaiev, Emir Kurtnezirov, Rustem Mustafaiev, Mirzali Tazhybaiev, and Bakhtiiar Ablaiev were transferred from the Simferopol pre-trial detention centre-2 to Rostov-on-Don. Serhii Yatskov was sent to prison in Dimitrovgrad, Ulyanovsk region. Alina Hrek was transferred to the pre-trial detention centre-3 in the city of Novocherkassk, Rostov Region. Oleksandr Sizikov, who is currently in transit in Krasnodar, was taken from the Simferopol pre-trial detention centre for the transfer.

Tofik Abdulhaziiiev was diagnosed with a malignant brain tumour. Edem Smailov suffers from inflammatory kidney disease, impaired vision, ringing in the ears, and dental problems: he has not been provided with medical care for a year. Medzhyt Abdurakhmanov complains of impaired vision and hypertension. The seriously ill Lenur Khalilov, who had been transferred to a colony in Arkhangelsk for a month and a half, needs urgent medical care. Volodymyr Yakymenko lost 15 kg in a penal isolation cell, his stomach pain worsened, gastritis and ulcers developed; the man is being put under psychological pressure.

Volodymyr Yakymenko and Teimur Abdullaiev were transferred to a penal isolation cell. Yevhen Zhukov and Remzi Bekirov found themselves in harsh detention conditions. The Krasnohvardiiske District “Court” denied Riza Izetov the right to be transferred to a correctional facility closer to Crimea. Without any official charges, Iryna Levchenko, who had been held in the Donetsk pre-trial detention centre for over 2.5 years, was transferred to the Simferopol pre-trial detention centre. Judge of the Southern District Military Court of Rostov-on-Don, Sergey Obraztsov, extended the preventive measure for the participants in the case of the “third Dzhankoi group” of Hizb ut-Tahrir until April 13, 2026. Vokhid Mustafaiev, Nariman Ametov, Enver Khallilaiev, and Ali Mamutov will be held in the pre-trial detention centre in Rostov-on-Don, and Remzi Kurtnezirov – under house arrest in Crimea. The Southern District Military Court extended the arrest of Crimean activists Aziz Azizov, Memet Liumanov, Rustem Osmanov, and Mustafa Abduramanov until April 7, 2026.

Bohdan Ziza continues to be tortured in the colony: he has not seen sunlight for over a year, and the prisoner’s health has been severely damaged.

The “restoration” of the Khan’s Palace was again extended for 2 years, having previously caused irreversible damage to it. The imperial park in Livadia is in a dilapidated state. The historic villa “Panea” in Simeiz is at risk of losing its protected status. Local authorities continue issuing permits for work under the pretext of preserving cultural heritage sites.

The occupiers are cutting down the forest along the Perevalne-Alushta highway and in a park in Simferopol and giving the wood to the military for building dugouts. Illegal development at the Ai-Petri plateau lands continues. Traps are set in the forests of the peninsula to hunt wild animals. Russian scientists are still finding traces of old fuel oil, but they say it has “degraded.” Water shortage led to scheduled supply in Alushta.

As a result of the planned operations, the Ukrainian troops managed to eliminate the launch area of the Shahed type strike UAVs, the UAV crew, a radar on the Sivash drilling rig, the MiG-29 fighter aircraft, the Irtys airfield radar complex, the An-26 military transport aircraft, the 55Zh6M “Nebo-M” radar, the 64N6E radar, the 39N6 “Kasta-2E2” radar, the 96L6, 2 “Nebo-SVU” radars, the 92N6 radar, the Pantsir-S2 air defence system, the MiG-31 aircraft, the RSP-6M2 radar landing system, 2 Su-27 aircraft, a control tower, a river boat base, a storage and maintenance site for unmanned boats, the S-300V complex launcher, the RSP-6M2 radar, the Redut-221 command and staff vehicle, the RPN 9S36M radar station, the Valdai radar. Strikes were carried out on a train carrying fuel and lubricants, an oil depot in the village of Bitumne near Simferopol, and explosions were heard in Sevastopol, the settlement of Kirovske, and the area of the Hvardiiske and Kacha airfields. The AntiSmersh movement destroyed a fuel depot at the Mamut station (Diurmen), a food depot in Pervomaiske, burned a car of a Russian officer in Krasnohvardiiske, a policeman in Simferopol, a serviceman in Radianske, a serviceman in Yalta, employees of the Simferopol and unknown military enlistment offices.

### Transfers to penitentiary institutions in RF

### Health problems of political prisoners

### Detention conditions

### Torture

### Damage to cultural heritage

### Environmental challenges

### Combat operations