

CRIMEA SITUATION REPORT

JANUARY 2022

Residents of Crimea continue protests against tortures and repressions. The occupying authorities continue unmotivated searches, detainments and arrests in Crimea. Political prisoners in places of detention face additional criminal charges. Arsen Abkhairov has been convoyed again. Violations of the right to health and the quality of incarceration conditions continue. Russia continues harming the cultural heritage of Crimea. The environmental situation in Crimea worsens.

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Residents of Crimea continue protests against tortures and repressions

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Arsen Abkhairov has been convoyed to Krasnodar krai

Violations of the right to health and the quality of incarceration conditions continue Residents of Crimea continue protests against tortures and repressions. Residents of <u>Krasnohvardiisk</u> and <u>Dzhankoi</u> districts recorded a video address and demanded to stop tortures and repressions against Crimean Tatars. <u>Crimean Tatar activists</u> in Crimea started a flash mob in response to the tortures of **Nariman Ametov.**

The occupying authority¹ continue unmotivated searches, detainments and arrests in Crimea. The detained and later released Kurtumer Chalhozov stated he was tortured and threatened by the FSB in order to force him to cooperate with the security services. Russian law enforcement services searched the Crimean Tatar complex "Alem" in the village of Strohonivka. There was no information about detentions. The court reviewed the administrative cases against the Crimean Tatar activists, Aider Hemedzhy and Eskander Saliiev, after the appeal of the prosecution. They were fined 10 thousand RUB. The underage activist Amar Abdulhaziiev was fined 10 thousand RUB. His mother received an administrative warning.

Political prisoners face additional criminal charges in places of detention. 5 Crimean Tatars, who were detained on August 17, 2021, for their alleged relation to Hizb ut-Tahrir, now face another accusation of "preparation to a violent takeover of power." Oleh Prykhodko faces another accusation of an alleged "insult against FSB."

Political prisoner <u>Arsen Abkhairov</u> has been convoyed from the detention center of Novocherkassk (Russia) to Krasnodar Krai (Russia).

Violations of the right to health and the quality of incarceration conditions continue. Muslim Aliiev was sent to punitive confinement again. A daughter of a convicted Oleh Prykhodko told about abuses and tortures against her father at the penal colony Vladimirskii tsentral (Russia). Dzhemil Hafarov's health deteriorates constantly, but he has not received medical help yet. Rustem Seitmemetov and Osman Seitumerov need examination by an ophthalmologist. Seiran Saliiev suffers from a cough that he got during an unknown sickness. Zevri Abseitov suffers from hypertension as well as pains in his stomach, kidneys, joints; he also has dental problems. Crimean Muslims from the 2nd Simferopol group of Hizb ut-Tahrir still receive food packages that contain pork. Nariman Dzhelial is

being kept in informational isolation. He does not receive letters, does not have newspapers, radio, or television.

Russia continues harming the cultural heritage of Crimea. The Russian occupying authorities of Sevastopol approved building plan for the territory of the preserve <u>"Chersonesus"</u>. Among other things, they are planning to build a youth center, souvenir stores, and a museum of Christianity. In addition, in <u>Sevastopol</u>, constructions of sports and entertainment complexes and stores are being built near the beach "Omeha."

The environmental situation in Crimea worsens. Russian authorities in Crimea are planning to cut almost a million trees in the <u>Baidarski preserve</u> and other forest areas near Sevastopol in order to build another electric power line. Due to the intensive extraction of water and drilling of new wells, the <u>river Suuk-su</u> near Sudak is drying out. Rare trees that are 300-350 years old are being cut in the <u>Foros park</u>. 300 trees of rare cedar have been cut in the <u>Balaklava district</u> of Sevastopol

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Harm to the cultural heritage of Crimea

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¹ Hereinafter all state institutions on the territory of the occupied Crimea and their representatives are mentioned with a note that they remain under the control of the occupying Russian authorities and therefore are not legitimate from the point of view of the Ukrainian and international law.